

**Form 51-102F1**  
**KOKOMO ENTERPRISES INC.**  
**(formerly Zab Resources Inc.)**

**Management's Discussion & Analysis**  
**Audited Financial Statements for the**  
**Year ended December 31, 2009**

*The following discussion and analysis of the financial position and results of operations for KOKOMO ENTERPRISES INC. (formerly Zab Resources Inc. ["Zab"]) (the "Company" or "Kokomo") should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and the notes for the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007 and which are prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principals. The audited financial statements and notes thereto have been reviewed by the Company's Auditor. The following Management's Discussion and Analysis **have not been reviewed by the Company's Auditor.***

**The following information is prepared as at April 29, 2010.**

**Forward-Looking Statements**

Certain statements contained herein are "forward-looking" and are based on the opinions and estimates of management, or on opinions and estimates provided to and accepted by management. Forward-looking statements are subject to a variety of risks and uncertainties and other factors that could cause actual events or results to differ materially from those expressed or implied. Readers are therefore cautioned not to place reliance on any forward-looking statement.

**Description of Business**

The Company is a junior mineral exploration company.

Kokomo is a reporting issuer in the Provinces of British Columbia, Alberta, Quebec and Ontario and files all public documents, including an AIF in its alternate form, on [www.Sedar.com](http://www.Sedar.com). The Company is a foreign private issuer in the United States of America and in this respect files, on EDGAR, its Annual Report on Form 20-F and other reports on Form 6K. The following link, <http://www.sec.gov/cgi-bin/browse-edgar?action=getcompany&CIK=825171> will give you direct access to the Company's United States Securities and Exchange Commission ("U.S. SEC") filings.

**Selected Annual Information**

Selected annual information from the audited financial statements for the three years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007 is shown in the following table:

		<b>Year Ended December 31, 2009</b>		<b>Year Ended December 31, 2008</b>		<b>Year Ended December 31, 2007</b>
Revenue	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
Interest income		270		605		822
Loss before other items		(484,131)		(523,257)		(790,303)
Basic and diluted loss per common share before other items		(0.06)		(0.48)		(0.72)
Net income/(loss)		(550,218)		(1,511,761)		(676,166)
Basic and diluted net earnings/(loss) per common share		(0.07)		(1.38)		(0.62)
Total assets		162,205		244,894		1,476,545
Long term financial obligations		0		0		0
Cash dividends		0		0		0

**Note:** Earnings (loss) per common share calculations in the above table are based on the number of shares outstanding for the periods and not on the weighted average number of shares outstanding (Canadian GAAP) as shown in the Statements of Operations for the above mentioned periods. **All common shares and per share amounts included in this Management Discussion and Analysis and in the Company’s Audited Financial Statements for the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007 have been restated to give retroactive effect to the 25:1 consolidation described in Results of Operations of this MD&A and in note 1 to the Audited Financial Statements for the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007.**

**Results of Operations**

All financial figures presented herein are expressed in Canadian Dollars (CDN\$) unless otherwise specified.

On March 19, 2007, the Company changed its name to Zab Resources Inc. and the Company’s capital stock was subdivided on a 1 (old) share for 50 (new) shares basis. As a result, the shares of Bronx Ventures Inc. were delisted from trading and the shares of Zab Resources Inc. commenced trading on the OTC Bulletin Board in the U.S.A. under the trading symbol “ZABRF” on March 22, 2007.

Effective November 28, 2007, the common shares of the Company have been listed for trading on the Canadian National Stock Exchange (“CNSX”) (formerly Canadian Trading and Quotation System (“CNQ”)) under the trading symbol “ZABK”. On October 17, 2008, the Company’s CNSX symbol was changed to “ZAB” pursuant to the CNSX adopting a three character symbol format.

On April 16, 2009, the Company changed its name from Zab Resources Inc. (“Zab”) to Kokomo Enterprises Inc. (“Kokomo”), and the Company consolidated its capital stock on the basis of 25 (old) shares of Zab for 1 (new) share of Kokomo. As a result, the shares of Kokomo commenced trading in Canada on the CNSX under the symbol “KKO”, and in the U.S.A. the shares of Kokomo commenced trading on the OTC Bulletin Board under the symbol “KKOEF”. The Cusip number of the Company’s common shares is 500323100.

## KOKOMO ENTERPRISES INC.

(formerly Zab Resources Inc.)

Form 51-102F1 – Management's Discussion & Analysis

For the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008

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All common shares and per share amounts have been restated to give retroactive effect to the 25:1 share consolidation, which took effect on April 16, 2009.

During the year ended December 31, 2008, the Company sold, through the facilities of the TSX Venture Exchange (TSX.V), the Company's marketable securities of 7,564,000 shares in the capital of Las Vegas for total proceeds of \$431,371 which had a total acquisition cost of \$2,483,113. Of the realized loss on disposition, \$1,058,892 was in 2006 and the remainder was in 2008.

At the Annual General Meeting of the Company's shareholders which was held on June 18, 2009, the shareholders received the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2008 and the Auditor's Report thereon; fixed the number of Directors for the ensuing year at four; elected Bedo H. Kalpakian, Jacob H. Kalpakian, J. Wayne Murton and Gregory T. McFarlane as Directors of the Company; re-appointed the Company's Auditor, Smythe Ratcliffe, Chartered Accountants, for the ensuing year and authorized the Directors to fix the remuneration to be paid to the Auditor and, re-approved the Company's 2004 Stock Option Plan. On December 7, 2009, J. Wayne Murton resigned from his position as a director of the Company. In order to fill the vacancy created by the resignation of J. Wayne Murton, Mr. Fred A.C. Tejada was appointed as a director of the Company on December 18, 2009.

The Company was registered extra-provincially under the *Corporations Registration Act* in the Province of Nova Scotia, Canada from June 26, 2008 until September 30, 2009.

For the year ended December 31, 2009:-

- The Company's operating expenses were \$484,131 as compared to \$523,257 during the corresponding period in 2008 and as compared to \$790,303 during the corresponding period in 2007. Items which mainly contributed to the reduction in operating expenses during the year ended December 31, 2009 were Legal, accounting and audit, Office and miscellaneous, Finance, interest and foreign exchange, and Telephone, travel, meals and entertainment.
- The Company realized a loss of \$2,101 as compared to a loss of \$1,043,609 on the sale of its marketable securities during the corresponding period in 2008 and as compared to a gain of \$109,454 during the corresponding period of 2007.
- The Company recorded a net loss of \$550,218 as compared to a net loss of \$1,511,761 during the corresponding period in 2008 and as compared to a net loss of \$676,166 during the corresponding period of 2007.
- The basic and diluted loss per common share was (\$0.07) as compared to a basic and diluted loss per common share of \$(1.38) during the corresponding period in 2008 and as compared to a basic and diluted loss per common share of \$(0.62) during the corresponding period in 2007.
- The Company's total assets were \$162,205 as compared to \$244,894 during the corresponding period in 2008 and as compared to \$1,476,545 during the corresponding period in 2007.
- The Company had a working capital deficiency of \$(40,613) as compared to a working capital deficiency of \$(81,578) during the corresponding period in 2008 and as compared to a working capital of \$772,764 for the corresponding period in 2007.
- The Company's weighted average number of common shares outstanding was 3,776,899 as compared to 1,093,301 during the corresponding period in 2008 and as compared to 927,406 for the corresponding period in 2007.

## KOKOMO ENTERPRISES INC.

(formerly Zab Resources Inc.)

Form 51-102F1 – Management’s Discussion & Analysis

For the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008

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On February 8, 2010, the Company entered into a binding letter of intent (“LOI”) with an arm’s length party to acquire a 75% right, title and interest in the surface rights of the Zaniza Iron Ore Property which covers an area of approximately 153 square kilometers and is located in the Municipality of Sola De Vega in the State of Oaxaca in Mexico. The parties to the LOI have agreed to enter into a Definitive Agreement which will be subject to the approvals of the CNSX, the Board of Directors of the Company, and if required by the CNSX, the approval of the shareholders of the Company. The consideration payable by the Company to the arm’s length party shall be a cash payment of US \$100,000 upon the execution of the Definitive Agreement, and the issuance of a Convertible Debenture for the amount of US \$900,000, which will have a maturity of 4 years, shall bear simple interest at an annual rate of 5%, and may be converted into Kokomo shares at the price of US \$0.10 per share in year one, US \$0.25 per share in year two, US \$0.50 per share in year three and US \$1.00 per share in year four. There are no assurances whatsoever that this contemplated transaction shall be consummated.

The Company is presently not a party to any legal proceedings whatsoever.

### **Mineral Properties**

#### **1. Extra High Property**

On March 26, 2004, the Company entered into an Option Agreement with an arm’s length party (the “Arm’s Length Party”) in respect to certain mineral claims, which are situated in the Kamloops Mining Division in British Columbia (the “Extra High Property”). Pursuant to the terms of the Option Agreement as amended on March 8, 2005, the Company obtained the right to acquire a 100% undivided interest in the Extra High Property, subject to a 1.5% net smelter returns royalty payable to the Arm’s Length Party (the “Arm’s Length Royalty”), by making staged cash payments totalling \$150,000 and incurring exploration expenditures on the Extra High Property totalling \$500,000 over a period of three years. Upon the Company earning a 100% undivided interest in the Extra High Property, the Company obtained the right to purchase at any time 50% of the Arm’s Length Royalty by paying to the Arm’s Length Party the sum of \$500,000 leaving the Arm’s Length Party with a 0.75% net smelter returns (NSR) royalty.

Commencing in May, 2005 and up to December, 2005, the Company conducted its exploration program on the Extra High Property. The exploration program consisted of soil sampling, geological mapping, trenching and diamond drilling. A total of 1,874.3 metres of NQ diamond drilling and 455 lineal metres of trenching were completed while 194 soil samples were collected over 4 areas on the Extra High Mineral Property. The exploration work program was conducted by, and was under the direct supervision of, J.W. Murton, P. Eng, a qualified person as defined by National Instrument 43-101. At the time, J.W. Murton was a director of the Company. J. W. Murton has prepared for the Company a Technical Report (NI 43-101) on the Extra High Property (2005 Exploration Program) dated February 28, 2006 which has been filed by the Company on [www.Sedar.com](http://www.Sedar.com), and on the Company’s Corporate Website, [www.kokomoenterprises.ca](http://www.kokomoenterprises.ca).

On September 8, 2006, the Company entered into an Option Agreement with Colt Resources Inc. (“Colt”), a company formerly related by certain common officers and directors, whereby Colt obtained the right to acquire a 50% undivided interest, subject to the Arm’s Length Royalty in the Extra High Property by incurring exploration expenditures of \$240,000 on the Extra High Property by no later than February 28, 2007 and by making cash payments to the Company totaling \$133,770 by no later than March 26, 2007.

On September 12, 2006, the Company and the Arm’s Length Party amended the Option Agreement by entering into an Amending Agreement whereby the Company was granted an extension period until June 26, 2007 to make the balance of cash payments to the Arm’s Length Party and incur the remaining exploration expenditures on the Extra High Property.

On October 31, 2006, the Company and Colt entered into an Amending Agreement whereby Colt was granted an extension period until June 26, 2007 to incur exploration expenditures on the Extra High Property and to make the cash payments to the Company.

**KOKOMO ENTERPRISES INC.**

(formerly Zab Resources Inc.)

Form 51-102F1 – Management’s Discussion & Analysis

For the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008

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Upon Colt earning its 50% undivided interest in the Extra High Property, the Company and Colt would thereafter equally contribute to all future exploration costs. If any party would fail to contribute its share of future exploration costs, then its respective interest would be diluted on a straight-line basis. If any party’s interest would be diluted to less than a 10% interest, then that party’s interest in the Extra High Property would be converted into a 0.5% NSR royalty.

On April 16, 2007, the Company and the Arm’s Length Party amended the Option Agreement by entering into an Amending Agreement whereby the Company was released of the requirement to incur the remaining exploration expenditures but instead was required to make a cash payment of \$60,000 (paid) to the Arm’s Length Party.

On June 14, 2007, the Company amended its Option Agreement with Colt whereby Colt would have the right to acquire a 34% interest in the Extra High Property by making cash payments to the Company totalling \$193,770 by no later than June 26, 2007. The Amending Agreement released Colt of the requirement to incur \$240,000 in exploration expenditures on the Extra High Property.

On June 26, 2007, the Company made its final payment to the Arm’s Length Party thereby earning a 100% undivided interest in the Extra High Property subject only to the Arm’s Length Royalty. Colt made its final payment to the Company and earned its 34% interest in the Extra High Property, thus reducing the Company’s interest to 66%.

During the fourth quarter of 2007, the Company and its joint venture partner Colt conducted a diamond drilling program on the Extra High Property. A total of 1,293.59 metres were drilled in 8 NQ diamond drill holes. The diamond drilling program was targeted at expanding the previously indicated mineralization in the K7 lens and was successful in revealing the potential for larger zones of lower grade mineralization lying adjacent to the massive sulphide mineralization indicated in earlier work. The diamond drilling program was conducted by and was under the direct supervision of J. W. Murton, P. Eng., a qualified person as defined by National Instrument 43-101. At the time, J. W. Murton was a director of the Company. For further particulars about the diamond drilling program please see the report on the 2007 Diamond Drilling Program dated February 28, 2008 that was prepared for the Company and Colt by J. W. Murton, P. Eng. which has been filed by the Company on its corporate website [www.kokomoenterprises.ca](http://www.kokomoenterprises.ca).

At December 31, 2007, the Company held a 66% interest in the Extra High Property.

On January 21, 2008, the Company entered into an Option Agreement (the “2008 Option Agreement”) with Colt whereby Colt was granted the right and option to acquire, in two separate equal tranches, the Company’s 66% undivided interest in the Extra High Property. Pursuant to the 2008 Option Agreement, Colt exercised the first tranche of the option by making a cash payment of \$250,000 to the Company and has acquired from the Company a 33% undivided interest in the Extra High Property. As a result of exercising the first tranche of the option, Colt now holds a 67% undivided interest in the Extra High Property and has become the operator of the Extra High Property. Furthermore, pursuant to the 2008 Option Agreement, Colt would be solely responsible for all exploration and property expenditures in respect of the Extra High Property, which are initiated and incurred by Colt from January 31, 2008 to December 31, 2008.

In order to exercise the second tranche of the option, Colt was required to make a cash payment of \$250,000 to the Company on or before December 31, 2008. As of December 31, 2008, Colt did not exercise the second tranche of the option. Consequently, Colt holds a 67% undivided interest in the Extra High Property and the Company holds a 33% undivided interest in the Extra High Property. Pursuant to the Joint Venture which the Company and Colt have formed, each party shall henceforth contribute its proportionate share of property related expenditures. If any party fails to contribute its share of future property related expenditures, then its interest will be diluted on a straight-line basis. If any party’s interest is diluted to less than 10%, then that party’s interest in the Extra High Property will be converted into a 0.5% net smelter returns royalty.

As at the date of this MD&A, the Company holds a 33% undivided interest in the Extra High Property.

Investment in the Extra High Property consists of costs incurred as follows:

	2009	2008	2007	Cumulative to 2009
Acquisition (property option payments)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 60,000	\$ 150,000
Staking	0	0	0	3,639
Assessment and miscellaneous	0	0	0	10,311
Geological, geochemical, trenching and drilling	1,194	21,514	134,727	430,897
Colt property option payments	0	(250,000)	(128,770)	(443,770)
	\$ 1,194	\$ (228,486)	\$ 65,957	\$ 151,077

## 2. Blunt Mountain Property

The original Blunt Mountain property that had been acquired in 2006 was allowed to lapse on the anniversary dates in April and May of 2007. A decision was made to re-stake a portion of the original property which was named Mt. Blunt property and was acquired for a total cost of \$1,322.

During the summer of 2007, J.W. Murton conducted an evaluation, mapping and sampling of the Mt. Blunt property. Rock samples were collected and submitted for analysis. Results from the analytical work did not reveal sufficient metal values to make the Mt. Blunt property worthy of further work, as a result of which, J.W. Murton recommended that the Company allow the Mt. Blunt property to lapse. The Company followed up with J.W. Murton’s recommendation and allowed the claims which comprise this property to lapse.

As at December 31, 2007, the Company has written off its investment in this property.

## 3. Lithium Properties (Mineral Leases)

On July 31, 2008 the Company entered into a Property Purchase Agreement (the “Agreement”) with an arm’s length party in respect to all of the Company’s Lithium Properties (Mineral Leases) located in the Province of Ontario, Canada whereby the Company has sold all of its Lithium Properties to the arm’s length party. As consideration, the arm’s length party has paid to the Company \$50,000 cash and has issued to the Company 25,000 fully paid non-assessable common shares of Coniagas Resources Ltd., a publicly listed company. And, pursuant to the Agreement, the arm’s length party is obligated to pay to the Company one-half percent (1/2%) gross receipts royalty after six months from the date of commencement of commercial production from the Lithium Properties (Mineral Leases). These properties were previously written off at the end of fiscal year 2000.

## 4. Hope Creek Property

On October 24, 2008, the Company entered into an Option Agreement with two individuals, who are at arm’s length to the Company, in respect to certain mineral claims which are situated in the Lillooet Mining Division in British Columbia (the “Hope Creek Property”). Pursuant to the terms of the Option Agreement, the Company obtained the right to acquire a 100% undivided interest in the Hope Creek Property, subject to a 1% NSR royalty, by issuing 2,000 common shares, making staged cash payments totaling \$90,000 over three years, incurring not less than \$50,000 in exploration expenditures on the Hope Creek Property by December 31, 2008 and incurring additional optional exploration expenditures totaling \$250,000 over a period of three years. During the year ended December 31, 2008, the Company fulfilled its commitment and issued 2,000 common shares and incurred \$68,654 in exploration expenditures by December 31, 2008. The \$90,000 staged cash payments are optional and are payable as

**KOKOMO ENTERPRISES INC.**

(formerly Zab Resources Inc.)

Form 51-102F1 – Management’s Discussion &amp; Analysis

For the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008

follows: (i) \$15,000 on or before December 31, 2009; (ii) \$25,000 on or before December 31, 2010; and (iii) \$50,000 on or before December 31, 2011.

The Company qualified for the BC Mineral Exploration Tax Credit in the amount of \$1,060 in 2009 and \$7,178 in 2008 for exploration expenses incurred on the Hope Creek Property. These amounts have been credited against expenses incurred on this property.

	2009	2008	2007	Cumulative to 2009
Acquisition (property option payments)	\$ 0	\$ 1,500	\$ 0	\$ 1,500
Geological and geochemical	2,340	68,654	0	70,994
Mineral exploration tax credit	(1,060)	(7,178)	0	(8,238)
Abandonment of property	(64,256)	0	0	(64,256)
	\$ (62,976)	\$ 62,976	\$ 0	\$ 0

The Company conducted a diamond drilling program as of October 28, 2008 on the Company’s optioned Hope Creek Property.

The diamond drilling program was targeted at disseminated and shear hosted mineralization in a complex acid to intermediate phase volcanogenic environment. Earlier work by the property owners had indicated zinc mineralization in a shear structure and related copper/zinc soil geochemical anomalies in the areas sampled. Three diamond drill holes were completed in the program.

All diamond drill core samples were split using a mechanical sample splitter for the NQ core with ½ the core sample stored and marked in the core box in secure storage with the remaining ½ core sample shipped to EcoTech Laboratories Ltd. in Kamloops, B.C. Canada. All gold results are by fire assay using industry standard methods and all samples were also analyzed using ICP methods. All ICP results for base metals greater than 10,000 ppm were further analysed using industry standard assay procedures.

The diamond drilling program was conducted by and was under the direct supervision of J.W. Murton, P. Eng., a qualified person as defined by National Instrument 43-101. At the time, J.W. Murton was a director of the Company.

As the results obtained from the diamond drilling program did not meet the Company’s expectations, on October 14, 2009, the Company formally terminated the Option Agreement dated October 24, 2008 in respect to the Hope Creek Property and has written it off.

## 5. Salt and Potash Claims, Nova Scotia

As a result of the Company being invited by the Department of Natural Resources of the Province of Nova Scotia, Canada (“DNR”) to participate in a tender for a Special License in respect to the exploration of salt and potash on certain claims located in the Province of Nova Scotia, Canada, the Company participated in the tender and submitted to the DNR a deposit in the amount of \$25,000 which represented 10% of the first year’s work program that the Company had proposed to conduct on the subject claims.

Due to the delay in being granted a Special License, the Company has withdrawn its application for a Special License and as a result, the DNR has refunded to the Company the application fee of \$4,101 and the \$25,000 deposit which were submitted by the Company in support of the Company’s application. Consequently, the Company has decided not to renew its registration as an extra-provincially registered company under the Corporations Registration Act in the Province of Nova Scotia, Canada.

**Fourth Quarter, (December 31, 2009)**

During the three month [fourth quarter] period ended December 31, 2009, the Company had a net loss of \$(195,319) or \$(0.02) per share as compared to a net loss of \$(116,725) or \$(0.11) per share for the same three month [fourth quarter] period ended December 31, 2008 as compared to a net loss of \$(220,978) or \$(0.26) per share for the same three month (fourth quarter) period ended December 31, 2007.

Operating costs increased to \$131,714 as compared to \$116,832 for the same period in 2008 as compared to \$376,635 for the same period in 2007. Items which mainly contributed to the increase in Operating costs were: Office and miscellaneous and Legal, accounting and audit.

**Summary of Quarterly Results**

For the Quarterly Periods ended:		December 31, 2009	September 30, 2009	June 30, 2009	March 31, 2009
Total Revenues	\$	0	0	0	0
Loss before other items		(131,714)	(112,540)	(130,338)	(109,539)
Loss per common share before other items		(0.02)	(0.02)	(0.12)	(0.10)
Earnings / (loss) for the period		(195,319)	(113,080)	(130,211)	(111,608)
Basic earnings / (loss) per common share		(0.02)	(0.02)	(0.12)	(0.10)

For the Quarterly Periods ended:		December 31, 2008	September 30, 2008	June 30, 2008	March 31, 2008
Total Revenues	\$	0	0	0	0
Loss before other items		(116,832)	(129,470)	(157,030)	(119,925)
Loss per common share before other items		(0.11)	(0.12)	(0.14)	(0.11)
Earnings / (loss) for the period		(116,725)	(74,869)	(1,180,520)	(139,647)
Basic earnings / (loss) per common share		(0.11)	(0.07)	(1.08)	(0.13)

**Note:** Earnings (loss) per common share calculations in the above tables are based on the number of shares outstanding for the periods and which **have been restated to give retroactive effect to the 25:1 consolidation described in Results of Operations of this MD&A and in note 1 to the Audited Financial Statements for the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007** and not on the weighted average number of shares outstanding (Canadian GAAP) as shown in the Statements of Operations for the above mentioned periods.

The diluted loss per share calculations are not reflected as the effect would have been anti-dilutive.

The Company’s business is not of a seasonal nature

**Risks related to our Business**

The Company, and the securities of the Company, should be considered a highly speculative investment. The following risk factors should be given special consideration when evaluating an investment in any of the Company's securities.



## KOKOMO ENTERPRISES INC.

(formerly Zab Resources Inc.)

Form 51-102F1 – Management’s Discussion & Analysis

For the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008

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The Company does not generate any revenues and does not anticipate generating any revenues in the foreseeable future. Should the Company at a future date generate any revenues, then the Company intends to retain its earnings in order to finance growth. Furthermore, the Company has not paid any dividends in the past and does not expect to pay any dividends in the future.

There are a number of outstanding securities and agreements pursuant to which common shares of the Company may be issued in the future. This will result in further dilution to the Company's shareholders.

In respect to the Company’s Mineral Exploration Properties, the exploration of mineral properties involves significant risks which even experience, knowledge and careful evaluation may not be able to avoid. The prices of metals have fluctuated widely, particularly in recent years as it is affected by numerous factors which are beyond the Company’s control including international, economic and political trends, expectations of inflation or deflation, currency exchange fluctuations, interest rates fluctuations, global or regional consumptive patterns, speculative activities and increased production due to new extraction methods. The effect of these factors on the price of metals, and therefore the economic viability of the Company’s mineral exploration properties cannot be accurately predicted. Furthermore, changing conditions in the financial markets, and Canadian Income Tax legislation may have a direct adverse impact on the Company’s ability to raise funds for its mineral exploration properties. A drop in the availability of equity financings will likely impede spending on mineral properties. As a result of all these significant risks, it is quite possible that the Company may lose all its investments in the Company’s mineral properties.

### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

The Company has incurred significant operating losses over the past three fiscal years, has limited resources, and no sources of operating cash flow.

During 2010, the Company shall require at least \$500,000 so as to conduct its operations uninterrupted. In order to meet this requirement, the Company intends to seek equity and/or debt financings through private placements and/or public offerings and/or loans. In the past, the Company has been successful in securing equity and debt financings in order to conduct its operations uninterrupted. While the Company does not give any assurances whatsoever that in the future it will continue being successful in securing equity and/or debt financings in order to conduct its operations uninterrupted, it is the Company’s intention to pursue these methods for future funding of the Company.

As at December 31, 2009:-

- The Company’s total number of issued and outstanding shares was 8,420,278 as compared to 1,094,945 for the corresponding period in 2008 and as compared to 1,092,945 for the corresponding period in 2007.
- The Company’s total assets were \$162,205 as compared to \$244,894 for the corresponding period in 2008 and as compared to \$1,476,545 for the corresponding period in 2007.
- The Company’s total liabilities were \$51,741 as compared to \$103,613 for the corresponding period in 2008 and as compared to \$315,412 for the corresponding period in 2007.

On March 3, 2010, the Company announced that it will enter into non-brokered Private Placement Financing Agreements with certain investors, including officers and directors of the Company (the “Subscribers”) whereby the Subscribers will purchase up to 4,500,000 Units of the securities of the Company at the price of \$0.06 per Unit for total proceeds to the Company of up to \$270,000. Each Unit shall consist of one common share in the capital of the Company and one warrant to purchase an additional common share in the capital of the Company at \$0.10 per common share for a period of two years from closing date. In connection with this non-brokered private placement financing, the Company has closed the first and second tranches on March 11, 2010 and April 16, 2010, respectively, and has issued, in aggregate, 2,000,000 Units in the capital of the Company. All securities issued are subject to a hold

KOKOMO ENTERPRISES INC.

(formerly Zab Resources Inc.)

Form 51-102F1 – Management’s Discussion & Analysis

For the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008

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period which expire on July 12, 2010 in respect to the first tranche and August 17, 2010 in respect to the second tranche.

During the twelve month period ended December 31, 2009, the Company issued an aggregate of 7,325,333 units in the securities of the Company to various investors for total proceeds to the Company of \$518,150. Each Unit consists of one common share in the capital of the Company and one warrant to purchase an additional common share in the capital of the Company. Of the 7,325,333 units sold, 5,242,000 share purchase warrants entitle the holders to purchase one common share at a price of \$0.10 for a period of two years from closing date, and the remaining 2,083,333 share purchase warrants entitle the holders to purchase one common share at a price of \$0.10 for a period of five years from closing date. As at December 31, 2009, all of the 7,325,333 share purchase warrants remain unexercised. All securities issued were subject to a four month hold period.

During 2008, the Company issued to arm’s length parties 2,000 common shares at a market value of \$0.75 per common share for a total value of \$1,500 in accordance with the Hope Creek Property Option Agreement.

During 2007, the Company entered into Private Placement Agreements to sell an aggregate of 120,000 units in the securities of the Company at a price of US \$1.25 per unit for total proceeds to the Company of US \$150,000 (Cdn \$155,945). Each unit consisted of one common share and one non-transferable share purchase warrant, which entitled the holder to purchase one common share at a price of US \$2.50 for a period of one year from the closing date. The Company paid finders’ fees to an arm’s length third party in the sum of US \$15,000 (Cdn \$15,320) in connection with these Private Placement Agreements. As at December 31, 2008, all of the 120,000 share purchase warrants expired unexercised.

During 2007, the Company entered into Private Placement Flow-Through Financing Agreements with two directors, for the purchase of 48,000 flow-through share units in the securities of the Company at the purchase price of \$1.25 per unit for total proceeds to the Company of \$60,000. Each unit consisted of common shares (the “flow-through shares”) of the Company that will be a “flow-through share” pursuant to the provisions of the *Income Tax Act* (Canada) (the “ITA”) and one non-transferable common share purchase warrant, which entitled the holder to purchase one common share at a price of \$1.25 per flow-through warrant share until December 31, 2008. As at December 31, 2008, all 48,000 share purchase warrants expired unexercised.

The Company’s Board of Directors resolved effective as of July 1, 2005, to remunerate two independent directors for an aggregate monthly amount of \$2,501 plus GST. Effective June 30, 2007, the Company and the two directors agreed to terminate the aforementioned arrangement. As of June 30, 2007, an aggregate amount of \$37,166 in directors’ fees remained payable to the two directors (the “Debt”). The two directors and the Company entered into respective Share for Debt Settlement Agreements on July 12, 2007 and the Company issued an aggregate of 29,733 common shares at the fair market value price of \$1.25 per share as full and final settlement of the Debt.

Funds raised through the issuance of flow-through shares are required to be expended on qualified Canadian mineral exploration expenditures, as defined pursuant to Canadian income tax legislation. As of the date of this MD&A, the Company has expended on its Canadian mineral properties all funds received by the Company through the issuance of flow-through common shares.

During the year ended December 31, 2009, there were no stock option granted to Directors, Officers, Employees and Consultants. As at December 31, 2009, there are 178,242 stock options outstanding (2008: 178,242) (2007: 178,242) which have been granted to Directors, Officers, Employees and Consultants which expire on June 15, 2011 and are exercisable at Cdn \$1.25 per common share. If any stock options are exercised in the future, then any funds received by the Company from the exercising of stock options shall be used for general working capital purposes. However, there are no assurances whatsoever that any stock options will be exercised before their expiry. As at December 31, 2009, there were no stock options exercised. On March 8, 2010, 10,000 stock options have been forfeited as a result of the resignation of J. Wayne Murton.

## KOKOMO ENTERPRISES INC.

(formerly Zab Resources Inc.)

Form 51-102F1 – Management’s Discussion & Analysis

For the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008

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As at December 31, 2009, an aggregate of 7,325,333 warrants were outstanding. One warrant is required to purchase one common share at an exercise price of \$0.10. If any warrants are exercised in the future, then any funds received by the Company from the exercising of warrants shall be used for general working capital purposes. However, there are no assurances whatsoever that any warrants will be exercised before their expiry. As at December 31, 2009, there were no warrants exercised. Subsequent to the year-ended December 31, 2009, the Company issued, in aggregate, 2,000,000 share purchase warrants with an exercise price of \$0.10 per share purchase warrant.

As at December 31, 2009, the Company had \$5,158 in cash as compared to \$3,357 for the year ended December 31, 2008 as compared to \$18,461 for the year ended December 31, 2007. Marketable securities as at December 31, 2009 were \$0 as compared to \$3,250 for the year ended December 31, 2008 as compared to \$983,321 for the year ended December 31, 2007. Other receivables as at December 31, 2009 were \$4,910 as compared to \$8,250 for the year ended December 31, 2008 as compared to \$14,672 for the year ended December 31, 2007. Mineral exploration tax credit receivable as at December 31, 2009 was \$1,060 as compared to \$7,178 for the year ended December 31, 2008 as compared to \$Nil for the year ended December 31, 2007.

### **Significant Accounting Policies**

The audited financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”), consistently applied, which include the significant accounting policies as described in Note 3 of the audited financial statements.

### **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

The Company does not have any off-balance sheet arrangements.

### **Trends**

Commodity prices have recently improved, and should this trend continue then companies such as Kokomo will have difficulty in acquiring mineral properties of merit at reasonable prices.

### **Related Party Transactions**

The Company shares office space with Las Vegas From Home.com Entertainment Inc. (“Las Vegas”), a company related by certain common officers and directors. Effective as of March 1, 2007, Las Vegas invoices the Company \$1,500 plus G.S.T. per month for providing office space, telephone and photocopy services, office supplies, reception, accounting, secretarial and other miscellaneous services for as long as such services are required by the Company. As at December 31, 2009, Las Vegas charged the Company for its share of (i) office expense of \$14,400 (2008 - \$14,400) (2007 - \$12,000); (ii) rent of \$3,600 (2008 - \$3,600) (2007 - \$4,000) and (iii) other expenses paid on behalf of the Company of \$1,247 (2008 - \$2,563) (2007 - \$504).

The Company charged Las Vegas for its share of other expenses paid on behalf of Las Vegas of \$2,575 (2008: \$3,950) (2007 - \$4,061).

Las Vegas is related to the Company by virtue of the fact that Las Vegas’ CEO and President, namely Jacob H. Kalpakian, is the Vice President of the Company, and the Chairman and CFO of Las Vegas namely Bedo H. Kalpakian, is the CEO, CFO and President of the Company. Furthermore, Gregory T. McFarlane is a director of both the Company and Las Vegas.

During the year ended December 31, 2008, the Company sold, through the facilities of the TSX.V, the Company’s marketable securities of 7,564,000 shares in the capital of Las Vegas for total proceeds of \$431,371 which had a total acquisition cost of \$2,483,113. Of the realized loss on disposition, \$1,058,892 has been reflected in 2006 and the remainder has been reflected in 2008.

## KOKOMO ENTERPRISES INC.

(formerly Zab Resources Inc.)

Form 51-102F1 – Management’s Discussion & Analysis

For the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008

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Pursuant to the New Management Services Agreement dated November 1, 2001, as amended on August 18, 2003 and on July 31, 2005, the aggregate amount of payments made for Management Fees totaled \$360,000 during the year ended December 31, 2009 (2008: \$360,000) (2007: \$360,000) and was paid to Kalpakian Bros. of B.C. Ltd., (the “Manager”) the principals of which are Bedo H. Kalpakian and Jacob H. Kalpakian, both of whom are directors of the Company. The New Management Services Agreement expires in October, 2010 and is renewable on an annual basis and may be terminated by either party by giving three months notice in writing.

The Company’s Board of Directors resolved effective as of July 1, 2005, to remunerate two independent Directors for an aggregate monthly amount of \$2,501 plus G.S.T. Effective as of June 30, 2007, the Company and the two Directors agreed to terminate the aforementioned arrangement. As of June 30, 2007 an aggregate amount of \$37,166 in directors’ fees remained payable to the two Directors (the “Debt”). The two Directors and the Company entered into respective Share for Debt Settlement Agreements on July 12, 2007 and the Company issued an aggregate of 29,733 common shares at the fair market value price of \$1.25 per share as full and final settlement of the Debt. During 2009, Directors’ fees of \$nil (2008: \$nil) (2007 - \$15,006) were paid to two directors.

Previously, the Company hired the services of J.W. Murton & Associates to provide geological services. J.W. Murton & Associates is a private company owned by J.W. Murton, a former Director of the Company. For the year ended December 31, 2009, J. W. Murton & Associates has provided geological services to the Company in the amount of \$4,317 (December 31, 2008: \$68,444) (December 31, 2007: \$33,797).

On September 8, 2006, the Company entered into an option agreement for the Extra High Property with Colt; this agreement was subsequently amended on October 31, 2006 and June 14, 2007. The terms of the agreement were completed in full on June 26, 2007 (see Mineral Properties – 1. Extra High Property in this MD&A).

On January 21, 2008, the Company entered into an option agreement for the Extra High Property with Colt (see Mineral Properties – 1. Extra High Property in this MD&A). During 2008, pursuant to the 2008 Option Agreement, Colt exercised the first tranche of the option by making a cash payment of \$250,000 but did not exercise the second tranche of the option..

Colt was previously related to the Company by virtue of the fact that Bedo H. Kalpakian was the President and CEO of Colt and is the President, CEO and CFO of the Company, and Jacob H. Kalpakian was the Vice President and Director of Colt and is the Vice President and Director of the Company. Furthermore, J. Wayne Murton was a former Director of the Company and is a director of Colt.

In connection with the non-brokered private placement financing which the Company completed during the year ended December 31, 2009 (see Liquidity and Capital Resources on page 10 of this MD&A), an aggregate of 4,176,333 Units in the capital of the Company were subscribed for by the family of two directors of the Company. In addition, a total of 37,500 Units were subscribed for by an officer of the Company.

In connection with the closing of the first tranche of the non-brokered private placement financing announced on March 11, 2010 (see Liquidity and Capital Resources on page 10 of this MD&A), a total of 1,250,000 Units in the capital of the Company were subscribed for by a company owned by the two directors of the Company.

During 2007, the Company entered into Private Placement Flow-Through Financing Agreements with two directors, for the purchase of 48,000 flow-through share units in the securities of the Company at the purchase price of \$1.25 per unit for total proceeds to the Company of \$60,000. Each unit consisted of one common share (the “flow-through shares”) of the Company that will be a “flow-through share” pursuant to the provisions of the *Income Tax Act* (Canada) (the “ITA”) and one non-transferable common share purchase warrant (the “Warrants”), each Warrant entitled the holder to purchase one common share (the “flow-through warrant shares”) at a price of \$1.25 per flow-through warrant share until December 31, 2008. All of the 48,000 flow-through share purchase warrants expired unexercised on December 31, 2008.

## KOKOMO ENTERPRISES INC.

(formerly Zab Resources Inc.)

Form 51-102F1 – Management’s Discussion & Analysis

For the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008

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During 2006, the Company issued 48,000 flow-through share units in the securities of the Company to two individuals, one of which is a director of the Company, at the price of \$1.25 per unit for total proceeds to the Company of \$60,000. Each unit consisted of one flow-through common share and one flow-through common share purchase warrant exercisable at \$1.25 per share until December 31, 2007. During 2007, 16,000 of the flow-through share warrants were exercised at \$1.25 per flow through share for total proceeds to the Company of \$20,000 and the remaining balance of 32,000 unexercised flow-through share purchase warrants expired.

### FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company has classified its cash and cash equivalents as held-for-trading; marketable securities as available-for-sale; and accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and payable to related parties, as other financial liabilities.

The carrying values of cash, payable to related parties, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their fair values due to the relatively short periods to maturity of those financial instruments.

The Company’s risk exposure and the impact on the Company’s financial instruments are summarized below:

**(a)** Credit risk

Credit risk arises from the non-performance of counterparties of contractual financial obligations.

The Company’s concentration of credit risk and maximum exposure thereto is as follows relating to funds held in Canada:

	2009	2008
Bank accounts	\$ 5,158	\$ 3,357

**(b)** Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in satisfying its financial obligations as they become due. The Company manages its liquidity risk by forecasting cash flows from operations and anticipated investing and financing activities. At December 31, 2009, the Company had accounts payable excluding accrued liabilities of \$20,292 (2008 - \$52,186) which are due within 30 days and amounts payable to related parties of \$10,049 (2008 - \$31,427) which are due on demand.

**(c)** Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and other price risk. The Company is not exposed to foreign currency risk.

**(i)** Interest rate risk

The Company’s cash consists of cash held in bank accounts earning interest at variable interest rates. Fluctuations in market rates do not have a significant impact on estimated fair values as of December 31, 2009. The Company is not exposed to significant interest rate risk..

(ii) Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices, other than those arising from interest rate risk or foreign exchange risk. The Company is not exposed to other price risk.

**Analysis of expenses**

For a breakdown of general and administrative expenditures, please refer to the Company’s Audited Financial Statements of Operations for the year ended December 31, 2009.

**Disclosure over Internal Controls**

Disclosure controls and procedures (“DC&P”) are designed to provide reasonable assurance that all relevant information is gathered and reported within the time periods required by securities regulations and that information required to be disclosed is accumulated and communicated to management. Internal controls over financial reporting (“ICFR”) are intended to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles.

Venture Issuers are not required to provide representations in their annual and interim filings relating to the establishment and maintenance of DC&P and ICFR, as defined in National Instrument NI 52-109. In particular, the CEO and CFO certifying officers do not make any representations relating to the establishments and maintenance of (a) controls and other procedures designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by the issuer in its annual filings, interim filings or other reports filed or submitted under securities legislation is recorded and reported within the time periods specified in securities legislation and (b) a process to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with the issuer’s GAAP. The issuer’s certifying officers are responsible for ensuring that processes are in place to provide them with sufficient knowledge to support the representations they are making in their certificates regarding absence of misrepresentations and fair disclosure of financial information. Investors should be aware that inherent limitations on the ability of certifying officers of a Venture Issuer to design and implement on a cost effective basis DC&P and ICFR as defined in NI 52-109 may result in additional risks to the quality, reliability, transparency and timeliness of interim and annual filings and other reports provided under securities legislation.

**International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”)**

In February 2008, the Accounting Standards Board confirmed that Canadian GAAP for publicly accountable enterprises will be replaced by IFRS for fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2011. IFRS uses a conceptual framework similar to Canadian GAAP, however there may be significant differences on recognition, measurement and disclosures required by some companies.

A detailed analysis of the differences between IFRS and the Company’s accounting policies as well as an assessment of the impact of various alternatives is being carried out. The Company’s project plan involves four phases: analysis, identification of changes, solution development and implementation, where necessary.

The Company is in the business of acquiring, exploring and if warranted, developing mineral prospects. In a number of cases, the Company will be adopting IFRS as an initial policy, rather than a change from existing policies to IFRS. The current analysis indicates that there will be very little effect on financial reporting as a result of the adoption of the IFRS.

Some of the specific areas reviewed and considered to date are:

**Revenue Recognition** – As the Company does not have any revenue to report, it will be adopting appropriate policies to satisfy IFRS requirements. No complications in adopting IFRS are foreseen.

**Inventories** – The Company does not have any inventories at present.

**Property, Plant and Equipment** – IFRS requires that the Company identify the different components of its fixed assets. At present the Company has no fixed assets and compliance will not result in a change. IFRS allows the revaluation of assets at fair value.

**Exploration and Development Costs** – IFRS permits the capitalization of exploration costs. The Company capitalizes all costs related to investments in mineral property interest on a property-by-property basis. Such costs include mineral property interest acquisition costs and exploration development expenditures, net of any recoveries. Costs are deferred until such time as the extent of mineralization has been determined and mineral property interests are either developed, sold or the Company’s mineral rights are allowed to lapse.

**Financial Instruments** – The Company’s current financial instruments are simple and require no analysis.

**Actuarial Valuations** – The Company has employee benefits which are expensed as incurred. No complications in adopting IFRS are foreseen.

**Impairment Tests** – Impairment tests have been applied on the carrying value of projects on a quarterly basis, as required under Canadian GAAP. Although the methodology of testing for impairment under IFRS is slightly different, no complications are expected on the transition to IFRS. Should the Company change its policy on the recording of Exploration and Development Costs, as explained above, the carrying costs of these projects will also be assessed for fair value justification.

**Income Taxes** – Analysis of IFRS requirements will be done when the new standards become available. With no current revenue or taxable income, and with no anticipated contentious issues regarding the tax value of assets or non-capital losses carried forward, no complications are anticipated.

**Financial Disclosure** – Based on publications to date, none of the requirements to comply with reporting under IFRS presents any foreseeable difficulty.

In summary, an analysis of the requirements for making the transition to IFRS and the subsequent compliance for financial reporting purposes indicates that there should not be any difficulty due to the simplicity of the Company’s current operations and the fact that IFRS will be adopted as initial policy, rather than a change from an existing policy.

### Capital Stock

**Authorized share capital:** Unlimited number of common shares without nominal or par value  
 Unlimited number of preferred shares without nominal or par value

<b>Outstanding Share Data as of April 29, 2010</b>	<b>No. of Common Shares</b>	<b>No. of Preferred Shares</b>	<b>Exercise Price per Share</b>	<b>Expiry Date</b>
<b>Issued and Outstanding as at April 29, 2010</b>	<b>10,420,278</b>	<b>Nil</b>	<b>N/A</b>	<b>N/A</b>
<b>Warrants as at April 29, 2010</b>	<b>4,000,000</b> <b>1,140,000</b> <b>102,000</b> <b>2,000,000</b> <b>83,333</b> <b>1,450,000</b> <b>550,000</b>	<b>Nil</b>	<b>Cdn \$0.10</b> <b>Cdn \$0.10</b> <b>Cdn \$0.10</b> <b>Cdn \$0.10</b> <b>Cdn \$0.10</b> <b>Cdn \$0.10</b> <b>Cdn \$0.10</b>	<b>July 3, 2011</b> <b>July 29, 2011</b> <b>Sept 3, 2011</b> <b>Dec 2/2014</b> <b>Dec 22/2014</b> <b>Mar 11/2012</b> <b>April 16, 2012</b>
<b>Stock Options as at April 29, 2010</b>	<b>168,242</b>	<b>Nil</b>	<b>Cdn\$1.25</b>	<b>June 15/2011</b>
<b>Fully Diluted as at April 29, 2010</b>	<b>19,913,853</b>	<b>Nil</b>		

### Outlook

Management’s efforts are directed towards pursuing opportunities of merit in the mineral exploration sector for the Company, and Management is hopeful that, in due course, the Company shall be able to acquire a mineral prospect of merit.